

1. UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON
PORTLAND DIVISION

David White, Pro Se.
research@cctruth.org,
18965 NW Illahe Portland AND
97229. 503-608-7611

**Case 1:24-CV-1300-MC
COMPLAINT FOR BIAS
JUDICAL ERROR**

Plaintiff

v.

Scott Ashford, in his personal capacity and his official capacity of Dean of Engineering, Jeff Nason in his personal capacity and his official capacity of Environmental Engineering Leader, Philip Mote in his personal capacity and his official capacity of vice provost and dean of the Graduate School; Edward Feser in his personal capacity and his official capacity of Provost of Oregon State University
Defendants.

Legal Counsel for Defendants

Michael Porter, P.C. (DLC)

Miller Nash LLP

1140 SW Washington St, Ste 700 |

Portland, OR 97205

Direct: 503.205.2330

mike.porter@millernash.com

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TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

1) ArtI.S8.C3.7.1. Overview of Dormant Commerce Clause.

2) 18 U.S.C. § 1001 False Statements, Concealment.

3) 28 U.S.C. §191 Proceedings in forma Pauperis.

4) 8 U.S. Code § 1324c - Penalties for document fraud.

5) Rule 5. Serving and Filing Pleadings and Other Papers.

6) Rule 11. Signing Pleadings.

7) 18 U.S.C. 1621 Perjury.

8) Rule 21 Writ of mandamus.

Federal Case Law

9) *Pagtalunan v. Galaza*, 291 F.3d 639, 642 (9th Cir. 2002): Pagtalunan was Pro Se and made numerous mistakes in filing his complaint resulting in the case being dismissed. However, upon appeal, the higher Court ruled that the lower Court was in error because they did not give allowance for Pagtalunan’s lack of legal training.

10) 22–451 June 28th, 2024 *Loper Bright Enterprises v. Raimondo*
and

Relentless, Inc. v. Department of Commerce.

https://www.supremecourt.gov/opinions/23pdf/22-451_7m58.pdf that courts can no longer function as Administrative Law courts. They must convene as article III of the US Constitution Courts, in compliance with the judge’s sworn oath of office.

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2 11) STUDENTS FOR FAIR ADMISSIONS, INC. v. PRESIDENT
3 AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE

4 CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE
5 FIRST CIRCUIT

6 https://www.supremecourt.gov/opinions/22pdf/20-1199_hgdj.pdf

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9 12) WEST VIRGINIA ET. AL. v. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
10 AGENCY ET. AL. [https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/features/the-](https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/features/the-supreme-court-curbed-epas-power-to-regulate-carbon-emissions-from-power-plants-what-comes-next/)
11 [supreme-court-curbed-epas-power-to-regulate-carbon-emissions-](https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/features/the-supreme-court-curbed-epas-power-to-regulate-carbon-emissions-from-power-plants-what-comes-next/)
12 [from-power-plants-what-comes-next/](https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/features/the-supreme-court-curbed-epas-power-to-regulate-carbon-emissions-from-power-plants-what-comes-next/)

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14 13) The Clean Air Act of 1967 directed the EPA to tackle issues like
15 Acid Rain and other environmental dangers. The Act instructs the
16 EPA to make a “toxic chemicals” list. Anything the EPA wants to
17 regulate must be on that list, Section 111, subsection D. In 2015, the
18 EPA illegally began to regulate “greenhouse gases” without including
19 them on the toxic chemicals list as prescribed by The Clean Air Act.
20 That’s because Carbon Dioxide and Methane, to name a few, are not
21 toxic chemicals. In fact, every living animal and human being on
22 earth breathes out carbon dioxide. It’s not a toxic chemical.

23 Background:

24 Plaintiff heads a legal team of 3 professionals, all working pro bono.

25 One is a 40-year veteran Federal Attorney who knows the Federal

26 and case law like the back of his hand. Another is an investigative

27 journalist who provides research and serves as legal editor of all

1 Court documents.

2 Plaintiff is 22 credits from finishing his PhD. Defendants violated 11)

3 above in their selection process. Once Plaintiff finishes the 22

4 Credits and becomes a Professor at the University Plaintiff will make

5 around \$180,000 a year. Then work for 190 years and easily make

6 the \$1 million asked for in the complaint. Defendants have caused

7 much trauma in Plaintiffs life.

8 Recent unlawful events of the Court have led plaintiff to file a

9 Complaint in Federal Appeals Court against this judge. Judicial

10 Council of the Ninth Circuit COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL

11 MISCONDUCT

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13 Judge McShane is habitually using illegal Administrative Law to flaunt

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15 Federal law and the U.S. Constitution. In case 1:24-cv-01300-MC on

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2 9/27/2024 The judge said:

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09/27/2024	20	Opinion and Order: Plaintiff's Complaint, ECF No. 1 , is DISMISSED without prejudice and with leave to amend. The amended complaint, if any, is due 30 days from the issuance of this Opinion and Order. The Application, ECF No. 2 , is held in abeyance pending the filing of an amended complaint. Signed on 9/27/2024 by Judge Michael J. McShane. (cp) (Entered: 09/27/2024)
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5 On 10/2/2024 Plaintiff filed the Amended Complaint, thus restarting the

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7 clock. By Federal Rule 15 Defendants had 14 days to reply and did not.

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9 Therefore, Plaintiff filed a Rule 55, Rule 56, and Writ of Mandamus.

10/02/2024	21	AMENDED COMPLAINT by Federal Rule 15. Expedited Hearing requested. Filed by David White. (White, David) Modified on 10/17/2024 to correct document type from a motion to Amended Complaint, resent NEF (cp). (Entered: 10/02/2024)
10/17/2024	22	Motion for Default Judgment. Filed by David White. (Attachments: # 1 Proposed Order, # 2 Proposed Order) (White, David) (Entered: 10/17/2024)

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11 Federal Rule 15 for Amendments says

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13 (https://www.law.cornell.edu/rules/frcp/rule_15) "(3) Time to Respond.

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15 Unless the Court orders otherwise, any required response to an amended

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17 pleading must be made within the time remaining to respond to the original

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pleading or within 14 days after service of the amended pleading,
whichever is later.”

“Unless the Court orders otherwise” is a phrase in almost every federal and
state law to allow a Judge to make exceptions for a law as circumstances
appear. For example, in this case a judge might rule to increase the
time due to Christmas and New Year’s Holidays when most of the world
shuts down.

The Court’s evaluation of an IFP has no bearing on this; The Judge also
must operate within this Federally imposed timeline, rather than penalize
Plaintiff. At the very least, he should have clarified and treated it as an
error to be corrected rather than imposing a procedural rule on Plaintiff that
precludes considering the evidence. The Court is required to consider all

1 relevant evidence in its rulings.

2

3 Rule 15 does not give the Court extra time to evaluate the amended

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5 complaint. However, the Judge stated contrary to law that:” The Motion for

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7 Default Judgment 22 is DENIED. The Court is still evaluating Plaintiff's IFP

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9 Application 2 and Amended Complaint 21.”

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11 Nonetheless, the Defendants were in default. It is not within Plaintiff's

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13 purview to school Defendants' legal counsel in Federal Rules 3, 4 and 15,

14

15 which apply, or to compel the Court to perform its duty within the time

16

17 prescribed by Federal law.

18

19 Defendants legal counsel said this in an email to the court:

20

21 Porter, Michael<Mike.Porter@MillerNash.com>

22

Reply

23

Reply all

24

Forward

25

26 To:mcshane_crd@ord.uscourts.gov

1 Cc:You

2 Thu 10/17/2024 9:17 AM

3 Dear Courtroom Deputy for Chief Judge McShane,

4

5 We represent defendants in this case. Plaintiff David White is pro se and
6 copied on this email.

7

8 We have received the October 17, 2024 filings by White (docket 22). Given
9 the court's consideration of the IFP request described in the minute order of
10 September 17, 2024 (docket 17), and defendants' position on service set
11 forth in their motion to set a response date of August 26, 2024 (docket 9),
12 our impression is the court does not expect any response from defendants.
13 If that impression is incorrect, we will respond, but we did want to check in
14 before expending the resources to do so.

15

16 Thank you,

17

18 Mike Porter

Michael Porter, P.C.

Partner

Miller Nash LLP

1140 SW Washington St, Ste 700 | Portland, OR 97205

Direct: 503.205.2330 | Cell: 503.577.1325 | Office: 503.224.5858

[Email](#) | [Bio](#) | [Insights](#) | [Website](#)

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20 Judge exhibited an unlawful, biased predisposition against Plaintiff's

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1 Complaint by the following words and actions

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10/17/2024	23	ORDER: The Motion for Default Judgment 22 is DENIED. The Court is still evaluating Plaintiff's IFP Application 2 and Amended Complaint 21 . He has not been granted leave to proceed, this action has not yet formally commenced with service , and therefore, Defendant does not yet have a duty to appear and defend. Plaintiff is reminded to heed this District's Local Rules as well as the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure prior to filing any other documents. Ordered by Judge Michael J. McShane. (cp) (Entered: 10/17/2024)
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4 Many other state and federal and appeal courts have approved Plaintiff's

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6 IFP in a very short time. The amended complaint is easy to read and

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8 understand and takes less than two hours to read.

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10 What does "held in abeyance pending the filing of an amended complaint."

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12 mean? It means the case clock stops until the amended complaint is filed; it

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14 does *not* include the phrase "*and* until the judge evaluates the IFP."

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16 At the very least the Court should have simply treated it as an error to be

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18 corrected, rather than dismissing the Default motion on an Administrative

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20 technicality.

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1 This statement is categorically not true: “He has not been granted leave to
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3 proceed, this action has not yet formally commenced with service.” Service
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5 was completed legally and process began when the Complaint was filed.
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7 There is nothing legally wrong with ECF 22 and the judge has no legal
8
9 basis to deny it.

10 This is a violation of:

11 22–451 June 28th, 2024 Loper Bright Enterprises v. Raimondo and
12 Relentless, Inc. v. Department of
13 Commerce. [https://www.supremecourt.gov/opinions/23pdf/22-
14 451_7m58.pdf](https://www.supremecourt.gov/opinions/23pdf/22-451_7m58.pdf)

15 18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony

16 28 U.S. Code § 144 - Bias or prejudice of judge

17 Judges Code of Conduct, Canons 2 and
18 3; [https://www.uscourts.gov/judges-judgeships/code-conduct-united-states-
19 judges](https://www.uscourts.gov/judges-judgeships/code-conduct-united-states-judges).

20 Conclusion

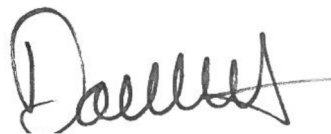
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23 1. Defendants’ motions filed contain no Certificate of Service which
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25 is required.
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27 2. Thus, Defendants’ motions filed contain misinterpretation and
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29 erroneous use of Federal Rules and two violations of Federal law.
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1 They have persisted in perjuring themselves with the assertion that
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3 the lawsuit does not begin until the Summons is delivered. Not
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5 only did Defendants fail to provide a Certificate of Service, but they
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7 also failed to reject anything of substance in the Complaint or
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9 Injunction, focusing instead on inconsequential procedural
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11 technicalities.

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13 Plaintiff therefore moves the Federal Court to a Summary Judgment
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15 in Plaintiff's favor of one million dollars to restructure the
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17 curriculum as an Environmental Science Department and install a
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19 NuCore Electric Generator on the OSU campus. Plaintiff contends
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21 that the facts are so indisputable that any Appeals Court would grant
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23 the summary judgment without hesitation.

24
25 Respectfully
26

27 Dated: 10/25/2024



David White

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32 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

1 I hereby certify that on October 25th, 2024, a true and correct copy of the
2 above document was electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using
3 paper. A copy of the document will be served to interested parties via the
4 US mail and email. Additionally, a courtesy copy is being provided as
5 follows:

6
7 Michael Porter, P.C. (DLC) mike.porter@millernash.com

8 Miller Nash LLP

9 1140 SW Washington St, Ste 700 |

10 Portland, OR 97205

11 Direct: 503.205.2330

12 ___ Via hand delivery

13 ___ Via U.S. Mail, 1st Class,

14 Postage Prepaid

15 ___ Via Overnight Delivery

16 ___ Via Facsimile

17 XX Via Email

18 XX Via CM/ECF notification

19 to the extent registered DATED: October 24th, 2024.

20 By: David White

21 Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(e)". says (e)(1) "following state law for serving a summons
22 in an action brought in courts of general jurisdiction in the state where the
23 district court is located or where service is made; However, by Oregon law
24 email service is allowed. UTCR 8 21.10 (2) explains a document may be a
25 pleading or many other documents.